

The Executive Council of the State of Danubia



Promulgated: May 2026, Administrative Authority: The Commission of Foreign Relations & International Law

Classification: Public Statutory Law/ Operational Directive

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PREAMBLE: *We, the Executive Council of the State of Danubia, acting under the express constitutional authority granted by Article II of the Transitional Territorial Charter (EDC-TTC-2026-001), do hereby enact this Foreign Relations & International Law Act.*

Recognising that structured external engagement, regional brand development, and targeted local public relations are vital to bolstering the legitimacy of the state, this Act establishes the comprehensive operational frameworks for Danubian international affairs. Its purpose is to centralise external representation, codify the appointment and vetting protocols for regional consular personnel, define the operational criteria for digital and physical missions, and legally protect the sovereign voice of the administration from unauthorised, bad-faith, or copycat external actors.

ARTICLE I: THE MANDATE OF CENTRALISED REPRESENTATION

Section 1.1: The Centralised Diplomatic Mandate

The Commission of Foreign Relations & International Law shall operate under the direct oversight, mandate, and sole legal responsibility of the appointed Commissioner of Foreign Relations & International Law. The Commission is vested with exclusive authority over all official state correspondence, international public relations, external agreements, and formal engagements with foreign entities, international organisations, and parallel administrations.

Section 1.2: The Doctrine of a Unified Sovereign Voice

No individual citizen, verified resident, or non-authorized administrative staff member holds the legal right or authority to negotiate terms, issue public declarations, or enter into alliances under the name or authority of Danubia. Any treaty, memorandum of understanding (MOU), or mutual recognition pact executed without the explicit written signature of the Commissioner of Foreign Affairs, and the formal counter-signature of the High Commissioner of the Administration shall be deemed legally null and void (ab initio).

Section 1.3: Prohibition of Unauthorised Foreign Negotiation

Actively misrepresenting the official policies, territorial claims, or constitutional baseline of Danubia to external governments, state agencies, or international media outlets is strictly prohibited. Any individual found to be engaging in unauthorised external diplomacy or misrepresenting the Executive Council shall be subject to an immediate administrative audit under the revocation protocols of the Civil Registry and Documentation Act (TAD-CCR-2026-002).

ARTICLE II: THE CONSULAR PIPELINE & CHECK-AND-BALANCE APPOINTMENTS

Section 2.1: Vetting and Appointment Protocol

The Commissioner of Foreign Relations & International Law is empowered to identify, screen, and formally nominate qualified individuals to serve as regional consular officers, envoys, or attachés within specified external territories. To be eligible for a formal nomination, a candidate must strictly fulfil the following baseline operational criteria:

1. **Civil Status Mastery:** *The candidate must hold active, verified Tier 3 Permanent Citizenship.*
2. **Enhanced Security Screening:** *The candidate must successfully clear a specialised background check conducted by the Office of the Commissioner of Foreign Relations & International Law in coordination with the Commission of Civil Registry to ensure zero ties to hostile foreign political movements or active international warrants.*
3. **Affirmation of Discretion:** *The candidate must execute a legally binding digital Non-Disclosure and State Security Agreement to protect internal administrative planning from external disclosure.*

Section 2.2: The Executive Ratification & Appeal Lock (Anti-Sway Protection)

To ensure a single administrator cannot independently populate external missions with insulated factions or distribute a swayed message, all nominations are subject to strict administrative oversight:

1. **Primary Approval Layer:** *Every successful nomination put forward by the Commissioner must be formally approved and signed off by the High Commissioner of the Administration to become active.*
 2. **The Council Appeal Protocol:** *If a nomination or appointment decision is formally contested by any member of the administration, the nomination shall be suspended, and the candidate's appointment shall then be decided by a democratic majority vote of the Council, subject to the High Commissioner's constitutional tie-breaker protocol.*
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Section 2.3: Operational Ranks of External Personnel

To project formal institutional credibility when interacting with external networks and local populations without overstepping standard international legal frameworks, the external affairs infrastructure shall recognise three sequential tiers of office:

1. **Attaché:** *Appointed to manage continuous, specialised communication sectors, such as digital public relations, international legal research, or macro-political monitoring.*
2. **Envoy:** *A verified resident or citizen entrusted by the administration and ratified under Section 2.2 to carry out specific short-term operational duties, administrative work, or targeted external tasks.*
3. **Consul-General:** *Appointed under the full executive ratification pipeline as the permanent, primary external representative assigned to a specific foreign territory or jurisdiction, possessed of authority to conduct local diplomatic relations, manage regional public relations, and bolster the state brand.*

ARTICLE III: MISSION STRUCTURES & DIGITAL EMBASSIES

Section 3.1: Classification of Diplomatic Outposts

To systematically expand the global footprint of Danubia without incurring unsustainable structural debts, the Commission of Foreign Relations & International Law is authorised to establish and maintain official external missions. These outposts shall be classified under two distinct operational categories:

1. **Digital Embassies (Missions of Record):** Cryptographically secured, dedicated web communication nodes hosted on central administrative servers. These serve as the official digital portals for interfacing with specific foreign languages, regions, or local networks.
 2. **Physical Consulate Offices:** Formally leased, acquired, or donated physical office spaces, information desks, or consulting rooms operated within foreign municipal jurisdictions by an appointed Consul-General to project real-world administrative legitimacy.
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Section 3.2: Operational Protocols for Digital Consulates

All Digital Consulates must prominently feature the official state emblems, verified cryptographic contact keys managed by the Treasury Act framework, and direct routing links to the primary legal directory of Danubia. No independent branding, unsanctioned messaging, or unvetted communication streams are permitted on these nodes.

Section 3.2: Operational Protocols for Physical Consulate Offices

To safeguard the reputation and legal standing of the administration within host macro-jurisdictions, all physical installations must strictly adhere to the following operational mandates:

1. **Commercial Compliance:** Physical spaces must be formally established using standard commercial leases, co-working agreements, or private real estate registrations fully compliant with local municipal and zoning laws.
2. **Functional Limits:** The operations of a Physical Consulate Office are strictly limited to hosting civic informational events, displaying official state planning literature, distributing public statutes, and facilitating physical identity verification audits for regional applicants.
3. **Prohibition of Extrajudicial Activity:** Under no circumstances shall a Physical Consulate Office be utilised to execute commercial transactions outside the Treasury framework, store unauthorised materials, or offer unsanctioned asylum, ensuring the facility operates transparently as a professional regional outreach office.

ARTICLE IV: TREATY COMPLIANCE & INTERNATIONAL ARBITRATION

Section 4.1: The Treaty Enactment Pipeline

To transition any external bilateral agreement from a negotiation phase into binding state law, the agreement must progress through a rigorous three-step validation pipeline:

1. **Draft Formulation:** Technical review and drafting managed exclusively by the Office of the Commissioner of Foreign Affairs.
 2. **Council Ratification:** Presentation to the 5-member Executive Council, requiring a majority vote to pass, subject to the High Commissioner's constitutional tie-breaker protocol.
 3. **Sovereign Promulgation:** Formal publication into the open public legal directory with a sequential alphanumeric document tracking index.
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Section 4.2: Protection Against Hostile Foreign Interference

The Commission of Foreign Relations & International Law shall maintain a continuous defensive monitoring protocol to identify external digital entities, copycat projects, or malicious actors operating fraudulent online directories under the name of Danubia. The Commissioner is empowered to launch immediate intellectual property claims, digital takedown notices, and international legal arbitration to protect the state's digital integrity and brand assets.